

Fulcrum Diversified Absolute Return Fund

Super Institutional Class	FARYX
Institutional Class	FARIX
Advisor Class*	FARAX

a series of Northern Lights Fund Trust IV

* As of the date of this Prospectus, the Advisor Class is closed and holds no assets, but may accept new investments in the future.

PROSPECTUS

October 30, 2023

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This Prospectus provides important information about the Fund that you should know before investing. Please read it carefully and keep it for future reference.

These securities have not been approved or disapproved by the Securities and Exchange Commission nor has the Securities and Exchange Commission passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this Prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

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FUND SUMMARY- FULCRUM DIVERSIFIED ABSOLUTE RETURN FUND

Investment Objective: The investment objective of the Fulcrum Diversified Absolute Return Fund (the “Fund”) is to achieve long-term absolute returns.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund: The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold, and sell shares of the Fund. **You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the table and Example below.**

Annual Fund Operating Expenses <i>(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)</i>	Super Institutional Class	Institutional Class	Advisor Class
Management Fees	0.90%	0.90%	0.90%
Distribution and Service (Rule 12b-1) Fees	None	None	0.25%
Other Expenses ⁽¹⁾	0.40%	0.50 %	0.55%
Interest Expense	0.06%	0.07%	0.05%
Shareholder Servicing Fee ⁽²⁾	0.00%	0.08%	0.15%
Remainder of Other Expenses of the Fund	0.34%	0.35%	0.35%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	1.30%	1.40%	1.70%
Less: Fee Waiver and/or Expense Reimbursement	(0.20)%	(0.20)%	(0.20)%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses after Fee Waiver and/or Expense Reimbursement ⁽³⁾	1.10%	1.20%	1.50%

(1) Based on estimated expenses for the current fiscal year.

(2) The Fund has a shareholder servicing plan that permits up to 0.10% for Institutional Class and up to 0.15% for Advisor Class to be paid from the Fund for service organizations providing recordkeeping services to certain shareholders.

(3) Fulcrum Asset Management LLP (the “Adviser”) has contractually agreed to waive a portion or all of its management fees and pay Fund expenses (excluding any front end or contingent deferred loads; brokerage fees and commissions; acquired fund fees and expenses (“AFFE”); fees and expenses associated with investment in other collective investment vehicles or derivative instruments (including for example option and swap fees and expenses); borrowing costs (such as interest and dividend expense on securities sold short); taxes; and extraordinary expenses, such as litigation expenses (which may include indemnification of Fund officers and Trustees, contractual indemnification of Fund service providers (other than the Adviser)) in order to limit the annual fund operating expenses to 1.05%, 1.05% and 1.30% of average daily net assets of the Super Institutional Class, Institutional Class and Advisor Class shares, respectively (the “Expense Caps”). If any excluded expenses are incurred, the Fund’s total annual operating expenses will be higher than the Expense Caps. This arrangement is in effect through at least October 31, 2024 and may be terminated or amended at any time only by the Board of Trustees of the Trust (the “Board”). The Adviser may request recoupment of previously waived fees and paid expenses from the Fund within three years from the date they were waived or paid, subject to, if different, the Expense Cap at the time of waiver/payment or the Expense Cap at the time of recoupment, whichever is lower.

Example: This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds.

The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions, your costs would be:

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Super Institutional Class	\$112	\$392	\$694	\$1,550
Institutional Class	\$122	\$423	\$747	\$1,662
Advisor Class	\$153	\$516	\$904	\$1,992

Portfolio Turnover: The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the portfolio turnover rate of the Fund (as defined below) was 84% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies of the Fund

In seeking to achieve its aim of long-term absolute returns, the Fund aims to hold a diversified portfolio and achieve long-term absolute returns in all market conditions over rolling five-year periods, with lower volatility than equity markets and in excess of inflation. The Fund implements its strategy by investing globally either directly, or through derivatives, in a broad range of instruments, including, but not limited to, equity, fixed income, currency, commodity, credit derivative and cash instruments (including U.S. treasury bills). The Fund may invest in fixed income securities of any credit rating, maturity or duration. Fixed income securities may include floating rate and variable rate products. Derivatives, including futures, forwards, options and swaps, are utilized for investment and for hedging purposes. Derivatives are financial contracts whose value depends upon, or is derived from, the value of an underlying asset, reference rate, or index, and may relate to equity securities, fixed income securities, interest rates, commodities, or currency exchange rates and related indexes. Swaps may include, but are not limited to, currency swaps, equity index swaps, interest rate swaps and credit default index swaps.

The Fund is managed with an aim to limit forward looking volatility to 12%, which is expected to be lower than the volatility of equity markets. Forward looking volatility refers to the estimated volatility that a portfolio is taking based on short term volatility forecasts, such as those implied from option prices. By aiming to limit forward looking volatility to 12%, exposure to equities, commodities and credit, for example, are as a result limited at times of market stress when volatility typically spikes and the probability of losses is especially high. On an intra-day basis, forward looking volatility may exceed 12%, but a risk reduction is implemented such that it falls below 12% by the close of each trading day.

The Fund may also invest up to 25% of its assets in a subsidiary that is invested in derivative instruments (the “Subsidiary”), which is wholly-owned by the Fund and is organized under the laws of the Cayman Islands. The Fund does not control any other entity. The Subsidiary pursues the same investment objective as the Fund. The Subsidiary invests primarily in commodity futures and options and other commodity-linked derivative instruments, but it may also invest in financial futures, option and swap contracts, fixed income securities, and other investments intended to serve as margin or collateral for the Subsidiary’s derivative positions. The Fund invests in the Subsidiary with the intent of gaining exposure to the commodities markets while meeting the requirements applicable to a regulated investment company (“RIC”) under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Internal Revenue Code”). Unlike the Fund, the Subsidiary may invest without limitation in commodity-linked derivatives.

Under normal circumstances, the Fund anticipates that allocates at least 50% of its total assets in global securities outside of the United States (or derivatives with similar economic characteristics). In doing so, the Fund allocates its assets among various regions and countries, including emerging markets.

Principal Investment Risks: *As with all mutual funds, there is a risk that you could lose money through your investment in the Fund. The Fund is not intended to be a complete investment program. Many factors affect the Fund’s net asset value (“NAV”) and performance. As with any mutual fund, there is no guarantee that the Fund will achieve its goal.*

Cash and Cash Equivalents Risk. The Fund may have significant investments in cash or cash equivalents. When a substantial portion of a portfolio is held in cash or cash equivalents, there is the risk that the value of the cash account, including interest, will not keep pace with inflation, thus reducing purchasing power over time.

Commodities Risk. Exposure to the commodities markets may subject the Fund to greater volatility than investments in traditional securities. The value of commodity-linked derivative investments may be affected by changes in overall market movements, commodity index volatility, changes in interest rates, or sectors affecting a particular industry or commodity, such as drought, floods, weather, embargoes, tariffs and international economic, political and regulatory developments.

Counterparty Risk. Many derivative contracts are privately negotiated in the over-the-counter market. Fund transactions involving a counterparty are subject to the risk that the counterparty or a third party will not fulfill its obligation to the Fund. Counterparty risk may arise because of the counterparty’s financial condition (*i.e.*, financial difficulties, bankruptcy, or insolvency), market activities and developments, or other reasons, whether foreseen or not. A counterparty’s inability to fulfill its obligation may result in significant financial loss to the Fund.

Credit Default Index Swaps Risk. Credit defaults swaps (“CDS”) are typically two-party financial contracts that transfer credit exposure between the two parties. The use of CDS involves investment techniques and risks different from those associated with ordinary portfolio security transactions, such as potentially heightened counterparty, concentration and exposure risks.

Currency Risk. The risk that changes in currency exchange rates will negatively affect securities denominated in, and/or receiving revenues in, foreign currencies. The liquidity and trading value of foreign currencies could be affected by global economic factors, such as inflation, interest rate levels, and trade balances among countries, as well as the actions of sovereign governments and central banks. Adverse changes in currency exchange rates (relative to the U.S. dollar) may erode or reverse any potential gains from the Fund’s investments in securities denominated in a foreign currency or may widen existing losses. The Fund’s net currency positions may expose it to risks independent of its securities positions.

Currency Swaps Risk. Currency swaps are subject to market risk, counterparty risk, and the risk of imperfect correlation between profit or loss on the currency swap and the underlying currency exchange rate. In the event of the insolvency of the counterparty, the Fund may sustain losses or be unable to liquidate the swap position.

Derivatives Risk. A small investment in derivatives could have a potentially large impact on the Fund's performance. The use of derivatives involves risks different from, or possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in the underlying assets. Derivatives can be highly volatile, illiquid and difficult to value, and there is a risk that changes in the value of a derivative held by the Fund will not correlate with the Fund's other investments. Gains or losses from speculative positions in a derivative may be much greater than the derivative's original cost and potential losses may be substantial.

Emerging Market Risk. Investing in emerging markets involves not only the risks described below with respect to investing in foreign securities, but also other risks, including exposure to economic structures that are generally less diverse and mature, and to political systems that can be expected to have less stability, than those of developed countries. The typically small size of the markets of securities of issuers located in emerging markets and the possibility of a low or nonexistent volume of trading in those securities may also result in a lack of liquidity and in price volatility of those securities.

Equity Index Swaps Risk. Equity swaps are subject to liquidity risk because the liquidity of equity swaps is based on the liquidity of the underlying instrument, and are subject to the risk that the counterparty to the equity swap may be unable to or unwilling to make payments or otherwise honor its financial obligations under the terms of the contract.

Equity Securities Risk. Equity securities are susceptible to general stock market fluctuations and to volatile increases and decreases in value. The equity securities held by the Fund may experience sudden, unpredictable drops in value or long periods of decline in value. This may occur because of factors affecting securities markets generally, the equity securities of a particular sector, or a particular company.

Fixed Income Securities Risk. When the Fund invests in fixed income securities, the value of your investment in the Fund will fluctuate with changes in interest rates. Typically, a rise in interest rates causes a decline in the value of fixed income securities owned by the Fund. In general, the market price of fixed income securities with longer maturities will increase or decrease more in response to changes in interest rates than shorter-term securities. Other risk factors include credit risk (the debtor may default), extension risk (an issuer may exercise its right to repay principal on a fixed rate obligation held by the Fund later than expected), and prepayment risk (the debtor may pay its obligation early, reducing the amount of interest payments). These risks could affect the value of a particular investment by the Fund, possibly causing the share price and total return to be reduced and fluctuate more than other types of investments.

Foreign Securities Risk. Foreign companies are generally not subject to the same regulatory requirements of U.S. companies thereby resulting in less publicly available information about these companies. In addition, foreign accounting, auditing and financial reporting standards generally differ from those applicable to U.S. companies.

Forwards Risk. Foreign currency forward contracts are a type of derivative contract whereby the Fund may agree to buy or sell a country's or region's currency at a specific price on a specific date in the future. These contracts are subject to the risk of political and economic factors applicable to the countries issuing the underlying currencies and may fall in value due to foreign market downswings or foreign currency value fluctuations. Derivative contracts ordinarily have leverage inherent in their terms and low margin deposits normally required in trading derivatives permit a high degree of leverage. Accordingly, a relatively small price movement may result in an immediate and substantial loss to the Fund. The use of leveraged derivatives can magnify the Fund's potential gain or loss and, therefore, amplify the effects of market volatility on the Fund's share price.

Futures Risk. The Fund's use of futures involves risks different from, or possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in securities and other traditional investments. These risks include (i) leverage risk, (ii) risk of mispricing or improper valuation, and (iii) the risk that changes in the value of the future contract may not correlate perfectly with the underlying index. Investments in futures involve leverage, which means a small percentage of assets invested in futures can have a disproportionately large impact on the Fund. This risk could cause the Fund to lose more than the principal amount invested.

High Yield Securities Risk. Lower-quality bonds, known as "high yield" or "junk" bonds, present greater risk than bonds of higher quality, including an increased risk of default. An economic downturn or period of rising interest rates could adversely affect the market for these bonds and reduce the Fund's ability to sell its bonds. The lack of a liquid market for these bonds could decrease the Fund's share price.

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that prices of fixed income securities generally increase when interest rates decline and decrease when interest rates increase. The Fund may lose money if short term or long term interest rates rise sharply or otherwise change in a manner not anticipated by the Adviser.

Interest Rate Swaps Risk. The Fund may enter into interest rate swaps. In an interest rate swap, a Fund and another party exchange the right to receive or the obligation to pay interest on a security or other reference rate. For example, they might swap the right to receive floating rate payments for fixed rate payments. There is a risk that, based on movements of interest rates, the payments made by a Fund under a swap agreement will be greater than the payments it receives.

Leverage Risk. Certain derivative instruments provide the economic effect of financial leverage by creating additional investment exposure, as well as the potential for greater loss. If the Fund uses leverage through purchasing derivative instruments, the Fund has the risk of losing more than its original investment. The net asset value of the Fund employing leverage will be more volatile and sensitive to market movements. Leverage may involve the creation of a liability that requires the Fund to pay interest.

Management Risk. If the Adviser makes poor investment decisions, it will negatively affect the Fund's investment performance.

Market Risk. The increasing interconnectivity between global economies and financial markets increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one region or financial market may adversely impact issuers in a different country, region or financial market. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may underperform due to inflation (or expectations for inflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, natural disasters, climate-change and climate-related events, pandemics, epidemics, terrorism, international conflicts, regulatory events and governmental or quasi-governmental actions. The occurrence of global events similar to those in recent years may result in market volatility and may have long term effects on the U.S. financial market.

Options Risk. There are risks associated with the sale of call and put options. As the seller (writer) of a call option, the Fund assumes the risk of a decline in the market price of the underlying security below the purchase price of the underlying security less the premium received, and gives up the opportunity for gain on the underlying security above the exercise option price. As a seller (writer) of a put option, the Fund will lose money if the value of the security falls below the strike price.

Subsidiary Risk. By investing in the Subsidiary, the Fund is indirectly exposed to the risks associated with the Subsidiary's investments. The commodity-related instruments held by the Subsidiary are generally similar to those that are permitted to be held by the Fund and are subject to the same risks that apply to similar investments if held directly by the Fund (see "Commodities Risk" above). There can be no assurance that the investment objective of the Subsidiary will be achieved. The Subsidiary is not registered under the 1940 Act, and, unless otherwise noted in this Prospectus, is not subject to all the investor protections of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). However, the Fund wholly owns the Subsidiary, and the Fund and the Subsidiary are both managed by the Adviser, making it unlikely that the Subsidiary will take action contrary to the interests of the Fund and its shareholders. The Board has oversight responsibility for the investment activities of the Fund, including its investment in the Subsidiary, and the Fund's role as sole shareholder of the Subsidiary. To the extent applicable to the investment activities of the Subsidiary, the Subsidiary will be subject to the same investment restrictions and limitations, and follow the same compliance policies and procedures, as the Fund.

The Adviser is a "commodity pool operator" ("CPO") with respect to the Fund and is registered with the National Futures Association ("NFA") and regulated by the Commodity Futures Trading Commission ("CFTC"). As a result, the Fund is subject to regulation by the SEC, the CFTC and the NFA, which could increase compliance costs of the Fund.

Tax Risk. In order to qualify for the favorable U.S. federal income tax treatment generally available to a RIC, the Fund must, amongst other requirements described in detail in the SAI, derive at least 90% of its gross income in each taxable year from certain categories of income ("qualifying income"). Certain of the Fund's investments when made directly (including commodity-related investments and certain other non-security based derivatives) may generate income that is not qualifying income. The Fund's investment in the Subsidiary is expected to provide the Fund with exposure to the commodities markets within the limitations of the federal tax requirements of Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code.

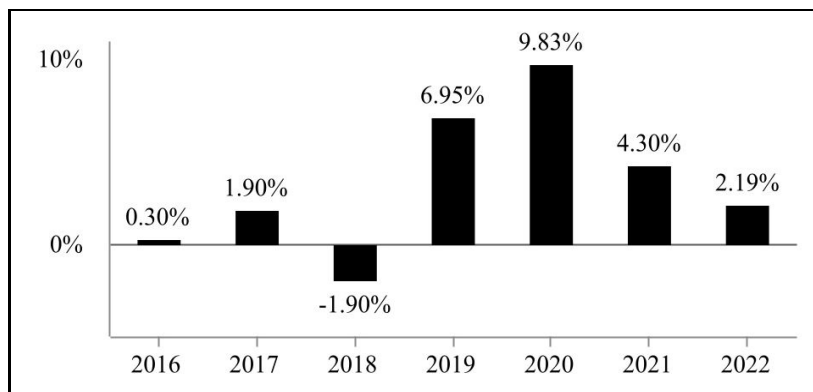
U.S. Treasury Obligations Risk. U.S. Treasury obligations are backed by the "full faith and credit" of the U.S. government and generally have negligible credit risk. Changes to the financial condition or credit rating of the U.S. government may cause the value of U.S. Treasury obligations to decline.

Volatility Risk. The Fund may have investments that appreciate or depreciate significantly in value over short periods of time. This may cause the Fund's net asset value per share to experience significant increases or declines in value over short periods of time.

Performance: The Fund acquired all of the assets and liabilities of Fulcrum Diversified Absolute Return Fund (the “Predecessor Fund”), a series of Trust for Advised Portfolios, in a tax-free reorganization on March 10, 2023 (the “Reorganization”). In connection with the Reorganization, shares of the Predecessor Fund’s Super Institutional Class and Institutional Class were exchanged for Super Institutional Class and Institutional Class shares of the Fund, respectively. The Predecessor Fund had an investment objective and strategies that were, in all material respects, the same as those of the Fund, and was managed in a manner that, in all material respects, complied with the investment guidelines and restrictions of the Fund. The Fund is a continuation of the Predecessor Fund and is the accounting survivor of the Reorganization. The performance prior to the Reorganization is that of the Predecessor Fund.

The bar chart and performance table below show the variability of the Predecessor Fund’s returns, which may be an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows the Fund’s Super Institutional Class performance for each full calendar year since the Fund’s inception. Returns for Institutional Class shares, which are not presented, vary from the returns of the Super Institutional Class shares. The performance table compares the performance of the Fund’s Super Institutional Class over time to the performance of a broad-based securities market index. The Fund’s past performance, before and after taxes, does not necessarily indicate how it will perform in the future. Updated performance information is posted on the Fund’s website at www.fulcrumassetfunds.com or by calling the Fund toll-free at 855-538-5278.

Calendar year ended December 31



During the period of time shown in the bar chart, the Fund’s highest quarterly return was 4.86% for the quarter ended March 31, 2020, and the lowest quarterly return was (4.39)% for the quarter ended December 31, 2018.

The Fund’s Super Institutional Class year-to-date return as of the most recent fiscal quarter, which ended September 30, 2023 was (2.20)%.

**Average Annual Total Returns
For the Periods Ended December 31, 2022**

	One Year	Five Year	Since Inception July 31, 2015
Super Institutional Class			
Return before taxes	2.19%	4.20%	2.79%
Return after taxes on distributions	1.78%	2.11%	1.21%
Return after taxes on distributions and sale of Fund shares	1.42%	2.34%	1.47%
Institutional Class			
Return Before Taxes	1.97%	4.12%	2.72%
BofA Merrill Lynch 3-Month US Treasury Bill Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	1.47%	1.27%	1.02%

Average Annual Total Returns
For the Period Ended October 31, 2018⁽¹⁾

	January 1, 2018 through October 31, 2018	Since Inception May 11, 2016
Advisor Class		
Return before taxes	(1.56)%	1.09%
Barclays 3-month USD LIBOR Cash Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	1.78%	1.03%

(1) Advisor Class closed on October 31, 2018 and holds no assets, but may accept new investments in the future.

The BofA Merrill Lynch 3-Month US Treasury Bill Index is comprised of a single issue purchased at the beginning of the month and held for a full month. At the end of the month that issue is sold and rolled in a newly selected issue. The issue selected at each month-end rebalancing is the outstanding Treasury Bill that matures closest to, but not beyond, three months from the rebalancing date. To qualify for selection, an issue must have settled on or before the month-end rebalancing date. Investors cannot invest directly in an index or benchmark.

The Barclays 3-month USD LIBOR Cash Index provided the average interest rate at which a selection of banks in London were prepared to lend to one another in American dollars with a maturity of 3 months. With the cessation of the publication of LIBOR in June 2023, this Index is no longer published.

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on a shareholder's tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant if you hold your Fund shares in tax-deferred arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts ("IRAs"). After-tax returns are shown only for Super Institutional; after-tax returns for the Institutional Class and Advisor Class will vary to the extent they have different expenses.

Investment Adviser: Fulcrum Asset Management LLP.

Investment Committee: The Adviser has established an Investment Committee (the "Committee") that is jointly and primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund's portfolio. The Committee currently is comprised of Gavyn Davies, Executive Chairman; Suhail Shaikh, CFA, Chief Investment Officer; and Andrew Bevan, PhD, Economic Adviser. The Committee has managed the Fund since inception.

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares: You may purchase or redeem Fund shares on any on any day that the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") is open. Redemption requests may be made in writing, by telephone, or through a financial intermediary and will be paid by Automated Clearing House ("ACH"). Investors who wish to purchase or redeem Fund shares through a financial intermediary should contact the financial intermediary directly. The Fund and the Adviser each reserve the right to waive any investment minimum requirements.

	Super Institutional Class	Institutional Class	Advisor Class
Minimum Initial Investment	\$25,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000
Minimum Subsequent Investment	\$1,000	\$100	\$100

Tax Information: Dividends and capital gain distributions you receive from the Fund, whether you reinvest your distributions in additional Fund shares or receive them in cash, are taxable to you at either ordinary income or capital gains tax rates unless you are investing through a tax-deferred plan such as an IRA or 401(k) plan. However, these dividend and capital gain distributions may be taxable upon their eventual withdrawal from tax-deferred plans.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries: If you purchase the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES AND RELATED RISKS

Investment Objective: The investment objective of the Fund aims to achieve long-term absolute returns. The Fund's objective is not fundamental, and it may be changed without shareholder approval upon 60 days' written notice to shareholders. The Fund's investment policies may be changed by the Board of Trustees of the Fund without shareholder approval unless otherwise noted in this Prospectus or the Statement of Additional Information.

Principal Investment Strategies

In seeking to achieve its aim of long-term absolute returns, the Fund aims to hold a diversified portfolio and achieve long-term absolute returns in all market conditions over rolling five-year periods, with lower volatility than equity markets and in excess of inflation. The Fund implements its strategy by investing globally either directly, or through derivatives, in a broad range of instruments, including, but not limited to, equities, fixed income, currencies, commodities, credit derivatives and cash instruments (including U.S. treasury bills). The Fund may invest in fixed income securities of any credit rating, maturity or duration. Fixed income securities may include floating rate and variable rate products. Derivatives, including futures, forwards, options and swaps are utilized for investment and for hedging purposes. Swaps may include, but are not limited to, currency swaps, equity index swaps, interest rate swaps and credit default index swaps. Derivatives are financial contracts whose value depends upon, or is derived from, the value of an underlying asset, reference rate, or index, and may relate to equity securities, fixed income securities, interest rates, commodities, or currency exchange rates and related indexes. The Fund may also use these derivatives to modify or hedge the Fund's exposure to a particular investment market related risk, as well as to manage the volatility of the Fund. Additionally, the Fund may use derivatives to manage cash. By investing in derivatives, the Fund attempts to achieve the economic equivalence it would achieve if it were to invest directly in the underlying security. In addition, if the Fund acquires shares of investment companies, shareholders bear both their proportionate share of expenses in the Fund (including management and advisory fees) and, indirectly, the expenses of the investment companies.

The Fund is managed with an aim to limit forward looking volatility to 12% which is expected to be lower than equity markets. Forward looking volatility refers to the estimated volatility that a portfolio is taking based on short term volatility forecasts, such as those implied from option prices. When assessing a portfolio's risk, it is more insightful to examine the volatility that was taken at each point in time to achieve a return rather than the volatility that was realized, thus eliminating the role of luck. By aiming to limit forward looking volatility to 12%, exposure to equities, commodities and credit, for example, are as a result limited at times of market stress when volatility typically spikes and the probability of losses is especially high. On an intra-day basis, forward looking volatility may exceed 12%, but a risk reduction is implemented such that it falls below 12% by the close of each trading day.

The Fund may also invest up to 25% of its assets in a subsidiary that is invested in derivative instruments (the "Subsidiary"), which is wholly-owned by the Fund and is organized under the laws of the Cayman Islands. The Subsidiary pursues the same investment objective as the Fund. The Fund does not control any other entity. The Subsidiary invests primarily in commodity futures and options and other commodity-linked derivative instruments, but it may also invest in financial futures, option and swap contracts, fixed income securities, and other investments intended to serve as margin or collateral for the Subsidiary's derivative positions. The Fund invests in the Subsidiary with the intent of gaining exposure to the commodities markets while meeting the requirements applicable to a RIC under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code. Unlike the Fund, the Subsidiary may invest without limitation in commodity-linked derivatives.

The Subsidiary is managed pursuant to the compliance policies and procedures that are the same, in all material respects, as the policies and procedures adopted by the Fund when viewed on a consolidated basis. As a result, the advisor is subject to the same investment policies and restrictions that apply to the management of the Fund, and in particular, to the requirements relating to portfolio leverage, liquidity, brokerage, and the timing and method of the valuation of the Subsidiary's portfolio investments. On an aggregate basis with the Fund, the Subsidiary complies with Sections 8 and 18 of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act") regarding investment policies, capital structure and leverage and Section 17 of the 1940 Act regarding affiliated transactions and custody. The Subsidiary employs the same custodian and advisor as the Fund. The advisor complies with Section 15 of the 1950 Act regarding investment advisory contracts.

Under normal circumstances, the Fund allocates at least 50% of its total assets in global securities outside of the United States (or derivatives with similar economic characteristics). In doing so, the Fund allocates its assets among various regions and countries, including emerging markets.

In response to adverse market, economic, political or other conditions, the Fund may assume a temporary defensive position and invest, without limitation, in high quality fixed income securities, money market instruments, and money market mutual funds, cash or prime quality cash equivalents, in such amounts as the Adviser deems appropriate under the circumstances, including when the Adviser believes the Fund needs to retain cash. During such times, the Fund may not achieve its investment objectives. Money market instruments or short-term debt securities held by the Fund for cash management or defensive investing purposes can fluctuate in value.

Principal Risks

Losing all or a portion of your investment is a risk of investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not a deposit with a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. The following risks could affect the value of your investment:

The following describes the risks the Fund bears.

Cash and Cash Equivalents Risk. The Fund may have significant investments in cash or cash equivalents. When a substantial portion of a portfolio is held in cash or cash equivalents, there is the risk that the value of the cash account, including interest, will not keep pace with inflation, thus reducing purchasing power over time.

Commodities Risk. Exposure to the commodities markets may subject the Fund to greater volatility than investments in traditional securities. The value of commodity-linked derivative investments may be affected by changes in overall market movements, commodity index volatility, changes in interest rates, or sectors affecting a particular industry or commodity, such as drought, floods, weather, embargoes, tariffs and international economic, political and regulatory developments.

Counterparty Risk. Many derivative contracts are privately negotiated in the over-the-counter market. If a privately negotiated over-the-counter contract calls for payments by the Fund, the Fund must be prepared to make such payments when due. In addition, if a counterparty's creditworthiness declines, the Fund may not receive payments owed under the contract, or such payments may be delayed under such circumstances and the value of agreements with such counterparty can be expected to decline, potentially resulting in losses by the Fund. Therefore, Fund transactions involving a counterparty are subject to the risk that the counterparty or a third party will not fulfill its obligation to the Fund. Counterparty risk may arise because of the counterparty's financial condition (*i.e.*, financial difficulties, bankruptcy, or insolvency), market activities and developments, or other reasons, whether foreseen or not. A counterparty's inability to fulfill its obligation may result in significant financial loss to the Fund.

Credit Default Index Swaps Risk. Credit default swaps ("CDS") are typically two-party financial contracts that transfer credit exposure between the two parties. Under a typical CDS, one party (the "seller") receives pre-determined periodic payments from the other party (the "buyer"). The seller agrees to make compensating specific payments to the buyer if a negative credit event occurs, such as the bankruptcy or default by the issuer of the underlying debt instrument. The use of CDS involves investment techniques and risks different from those associated with ordinary portfolio security transactions, such as potentially heightened counterparty, concentration and exposure risks.

Currency Risk. The risk that changes in currency exchange rates will negatively affect securities denominated in, and/or receiving revenues in, foreign currencies. The liquidity and trading value of foreign currencies could be affected by global economic factors, such as inflation, interest rate levels, and trade balances among countries, as well as the actions of sovereign governments and central banks. Adverse changes in currency exchange rates (relative to the U.S. dollar) may erode or reverse any potential gains from the Fund's investments in securities denominated in a foreign currency or may widen existing losses. The Fund's net currency positions may expose it to risks independent of its securities positions.

Currency exchange rates may be particularly affected by the relative rates of inflation, interest rate levels, the balance of payments and the extent of governmental surpluses or deficits in such foreign countries and in the United States, all of which are in turn sensitive to the monetary, fiscal and trade policies pursued by the governments of such foreign countries, the United States and other countries important to international trade and finance. Governments may use a variety of techniques, such as intervention by their central bank or imposition of regulatory controls or taxes, to affect the exchange rates of their respective currencies. They may also issue a new currency to replace an existing currency or alter the exchange rate or relative exchange characteristics by devaluation or revaluation of a currency. The liquidity and trading value of these foreign currencies could be affected by the actions of sovereign governments and central banks, which could change or interfere with theretofore freely determined currency valuation, fluctuations in response to other market forces and the movement of currencies across borders.

Currency Swaps Risk. Currency swaps are subject to market risk, risk of default by the other party to the transaction (*i.e.*, counterparty risk), and risk of imperfect correlation between profit or loss on the currency swap and the underlying currency exchange rate. By using a swap, the Fund assumes the risk that its counterparty could experience financial hardships. In the event of the insolvency of the counterparty, the Fund may sustain losses or be unable to liquidate the swap position. To the extent that the Fund has only one or a few counterparties, the Fund will be exposed to greater counterparty risk and the Fund may be unable to enter into currency swap on favorable terms, potentially preventing the Fund from achieving its investment objective.

Derivatives Risk. Adverse changes in the value or level of a derivative's underlying asset or index can result in a loss to the Fund substantially greater than the amount invested in the derivative itself. Certain derivatives have the potential for unlimited loss, regardless of the size of the initial investment. The use of derivative instruments also exposes the Fund to additional risks and transaction costs. These instruments come in many varieties and have a wide range of potential risks and rewards, and may include futures contracts, options (both written and purchased), swaps, and forward currency contracts. Risks of these instruments include:

- that interest rates, securities prices and currency markets will not move in the direction that the Adviser anticipates;
- that prices of the instruments and the prices of underlying securities, interest rates or currencies they are designed to reflect do not move together as expected;
- that the skills needed to use these strategies are different than those needed to select portfolio securities;
- the possible absence of a liquid secondary market for any particular instrument and, for exchange-traded instruments, possible exchange-imposed price fluctuation limits, either of which may make it difficult or impossible to close out a position when desired;
- that adverse price movements in an instrument can result in a loss substantially greater than the Fund's initial investment in that instrument (in some cases, the potential loss is unlimited);
- particularly in the case of privately-negotiated instruments or over-the-counter derivatives, that the counterparty will not perform its obligations, which could leave the Fund worse off than if it had not entered into the position;
- the inability to close out certain hedged positions to avoid adverse tax consequences, and the fact that some of these instruments may have uncertain tax implications for the Fund;
- the fact that "speculative position limits" imposed by the CFTC and certain futures exchanges on net long and short positions may require the Fund to limit or close-out positions in certain types of instruments; the CFTC has recently proposed new rules that, if adopted in substantially the same form, will impose speculative position limits on additional derivative instruments, which may further limit the Fund's ability to trade futures contracts and swaps; and
- the high levels of volatility some of these instruments may exhibit, in some cases due to the high levels of leverage an investor may achieve with them

Emerging Market Risk. Emerging markets are riskier than more developed markets because they tend to develop unevenly and may never fully develop. Investments in emerging markets may be considered riskier. Generally, economic structures in these countries are less diverse and mature than those in developed countries, and their political systems are less stable. Investments in emerging market countries may be affected by national policies that restrict foreign investment in certain issuers or industries. Sanctions and other intergovernmental actions may be undertaken against an emerging market country, which may result in the devaluation of the country's currency, a downgrade in the country's credit rating, and a decline in the value and liquidity of the country's securities. Sanctions could result in the immediate freeze of securities issued by an emerging market company or government, impairing the ability of the Fund to buy, sell, receive or deliver these securities. The small size of their securities markets and low trading volumes can make emerging market investments illiquid and more volatile than investments in developed countries and such securities may be subject to abrupt and severe price declines. The Fund may be required to establish special custody or other arrangements before investing. In addition, because the securities settlement procedures are less developed in these countries, the Fund may be required to deliver securities before receiving payment and may also be unable to complete transactions during market disruptions. The possible establishment of exchange controls or freezes on the convertibility of currency might adversely affect an investment in foreign securities.

Equity Index Swaps Risk. Equity swaps are subject to liquidity risk because the liquidity of equity swaps is based on the liquidity of the underlying instrument, and are subject to the risk that the counterparty to the equity swap transaction may be unable or unwilling to make payments or to otherwise honor its financial obligations under the terms of the contract. To the extent that there is an imperfect correlation between the return on the Fund's obligation to its counterparty under the equity swap and the return on related assets in its portfolio, the equity swap transaction may increase the Fund's financial risk.

Equity Securities Risk. The risks that could affect the value of the Fund's shares and the total return on your investment include the possibility that the equity securities held by the Fund will experience sudden, unpredictable drops in value or long periods of decline in value. This may occur because of factors that affect the securities market generally, such as adverse changes in economic conditions, the general outlook for corporate earnings, interest rates, or investor sentiment. Equity securities may also lose value because of factors affecting an entire industry or sector, such as increases in production costs, or factors directly related to a specific company, such as decisions made by its management.

Fixed Income Securities Risk. The risks of investing in debt or fixed income securities include (without limitation):

- *Credit risk.* The risk that the issuer or obligor will not make timely payments of principal and interest. Changes in an issuer's credit rating or the market's perception of an issuer's creditworthiness may also affect the value of the Fund's investment in that issuer.
- *Maturity risk.* A debt security with a longer maturity may fluctuate in value more than one with a shorter maturity.
- *Market risk.* Low demand for debt securities may negatively impact their price. Market risk is the risk that the fixed income markets may become volatile and less liquid, and the market value of an investment may move up or down, sometimes quickly or unpredictably. In general, the longer the maturity and the lower the credit quality of a fixed income security, the more likely its value will decline.
- *Interest rate risk.* The value of fixed income securities may decline because of increases in interest rates. The value of a fixed income security with greater duration will be more sensitive to changes in interest rates than a similar security with less duration. Duration is a measure of the sensitivity of the price of a fixed income security (or a portfolio of fixed income securities) to changes in interest rates. The prices of fixed income securities with less duration generally will be less affected by changes in interest rates than the prices of fixed income securities with greater duration.
- *Selection risk.* The securities selected by the Adviser may underperform the market or other securities selected by other funds.
- *Call risk.* During a period of falling interest rates, the issuer may redeem a security by repaying it early, which may reduce the Fund's income, if the proceeds are reinvested at lower interest rates.
- *Credit ratings sensitivity risk.* The value of your investment in the Fund may change in response to changes in the credit ratings of debt securities in the Fund's portfolio. In addition, an issuer of a fixed income security may fail to pay all or a portion of the payment of principal and/or interest on a security.
- *Floating rate loan risk.* The value of the collateral securing a floating rate loan can decline, be insufficient to meet the obligations of the borrower, or be difficult to liquidate. The liquidity of floating rate loans, including the volume and frequency of secondary market trading in such loans, varies significantly over time and among individual floating rate loans. During periods of infrequent trading, valuing a floating rate loan can be more difficult; and buying and selling a floating rate loan at an acceptable price can also be more difficult and delayed. Difficulty in selling a floating rate loan can result in a loss.
- *High yield securities risk.* Fixed income securities that are rated below investment grade (i.e., "junk bonds") are subject to additional risk factors due to the speculative nature of these securities, such as the increased possibility of default liquidation of the security, and changes in value based on public perception of the issuer. As with any investment, there is a risk of loss, including loss of principal.

The Fund invests in multiple asset classes, some of which may have sensitivity to interest rate changes. Using the present exposure of the strategy, an increase of 1% in interest rates would result in a loss of approximately 0.5%, with all other risk factors remaining unchanged. A typical range of durations of the Fund is between -2 and +4 years. An increase of interest rates of 1%, given these durations, would result in a gain of 2% and a loss of 4%, respectively.

Foreign Securities Risk. Foreign investments, including ADRs, often involve special risks not present in U.S. investments that can increase the chances that the Fund will lose money. These risks include:

- The Fund generally holds its foreign securities and cash in foreign banks and securities depositories, which may be recently organized or new to the foreign custody business and may be subject to only limited or no regulatory oversight.
- Changes in foreign currency exchange rates can affect the value of the Fund's portfolio.
- The economies of certain foreign markets may not compare favorably with the economy of the United States with respect to such issues as growth of gross national product, reinvestment of capital, resources and balance of payments position.
- The governments of certain countries may prohibit or impose substantial restrictions on foreign investments in their capital markets or in certain industries.
- Many foreign governments do not supervise and regulate stock exchanges, brokers and the sale of securities to the same extent as does the United States and may not have laws to protect investors that are comparable to U.S. securities laws.
- Settlement and clearance procedures in certain foreign markets may result in delays in payment for or delivery of securities not typically associated with settlement and clearance of U.S. investments.

Forwards Risk. Foreign currency forward contracts are a type of derivative contract whereby the Fund may agree to buy or sell a country's or region's currency at a specific price on a specific date, usually 30, 60, or 90 days in the future. These contracts are subject to the risk of political and economic factors applicable to the countries issuing the underlying currencies and may fall in value due to foreign market downswings or foreign currency value fluctuations. Forward foreign currency contracts are individually negotiated and privately traded so they are dependent upon the creditworthiness of the counterparty and subject to counterparty risk. The Fund's hedging strategies may not achieve their objective. Derivative prices are highly volatile and may fluctuate substantially during a short period of time. Such prices are influenced by numerous factors that affect the markets, including, but not limited to: changing supply and demand relationships; government programs and policies; national and international political and economic events, changes in interest rates, inflation and deflation and changes in supply and demand relationships. Derivative contracts ordinarily have leverage inherent in their terms and low margin deposits normally required in trading derivatives permit a high degree of leverage. Accordingly, a relatively small price movement may result in an immediate and substantial loss to the Fund. The use of leverage may also cause the Fund to liquidate portfolio positions when it would not be advantageous to do so in order to satisfy its obligations. The use of leveraged derivatives can magnify the Fund's potential for gain or loss and, therefore, amplify the effects of market volatility on the Fund's share price.

Futures Risk. The Fund's use of futures involves risks different from, or possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in securities and other traditional investments. These risks include (i) leverage risk, (ii) risk of mispricing or improper valuation, and (iii) the risk that changes in the value of the futures contract may not correlate perfectly with the underlying index. Investments in futures involve leverage, which means a small percentage of assets invested in futures can have a disproportionately large impact on the Fund. This risk could cause the Fund to lose more than the principal amount invested. Futures contracts may become mispriced or improperly valued when compared to the advisor's expectation and may not produce the desired investment results. Additionally, changes in the value of futures contracts may not track or correlate perfectly with the underlying index because of temporary, or even long-term, supply and demand imbalances and because futures do not pay dividends unlike the stocks upon which they are based.

High Yield Securities Risk. Fixed income securities that are rated below investment grade (*i.e.*, "junk bonds") are subject to additional risk factors due to the speculative nature of these securities, such as the increased possibility of default liquidation of the security, and changes in value based on public perception of the issuer. As with any investment, there is a risk of loss, including loss of principal.

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that prices of fixed income securities generally increase when interest rates decline and decrease when interest rates increase. The Fund may lose money if short term or long term interest rates rise sharply or otherwise change in a manner not anticipated by the Adviser.

Interest Rate Swaps Risk. The Fund may enter into interest rate swaps. In an interest rate swap, a Fund and another party exchange the right to receive or the obligation to pay interest on a security or other reference rate. For example, they might swap the right to receive floating rate payments for fixed rate payments. There is a risk that, based on movements of interest rates, the payments made by a Fund under a swap agreement will be greater than the payments it receives. Prices of longer term securities generally change more in response to interest rate changes than prices of shorter term securities. The Fund may lose money if short term or long term interest rates rise sharply or otherwise change in a manner not anticipated by the Adviser.

Leverage Risk. Certain Fund transactions, such as its use of futures, forward contracts, swaps or mortgage rolls, may give rise to a form of leverage. The Fund may be more volatile than if the Fund had not been leveraged because leverage tends to exaggerate the effect of any increase or decrease in the value of the Fund's portfolio securities. The Fund cannot assure that the use of leverage will result in a higher return on investment, and using leverage could result in a net loss. In addition, use of leverage by the Fund may cause the Fund to liquidate portfolio positions when it may not be advantageous to do so to satisfy its obligations. Increases and decreases in the value of the Fund's portfolio may be magnified when the Fund uses leverage.

Management Risk. The skill of the Adviser will play a significant role in the Fund's ability to achieve its investment objective. The Fund's ability to achieve its investment objective depends on the ability of the Adviser to correctly identify economic trends, especially with regard to accurately forecasting inflationary and deflationary periods. In addition, the Fund's ability to achieve its investment objective depends on the Adviser's ability to select stocks, particularly in volatile stock markets. The Adviser could be incorrect in its analysis of industries, companies and the relative attractiveness of growth and value stocks and other matters.

Market Risk. The increasing interconnectivity between global economies and financial markets increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one region or financial market may adversely impact issuers in a different country, region or financial market. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may underperform due to inflation (or expectations for inflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, natural disasters, climate-change and climate-related events, pandemics, epidemics, terrorism, international conflicts, regulatory events and governmental or quasi-governmental actions. The occurrence of global events similar to those in recent years, such as terrorist attacks around the world, natural disasters, social and political discord or debt crises and downgrades, among others, may result in market volatility and may have long term effects on the U.S. financial market. It is difficult to predict when similar events affecting the U.S. financial market may occur, the effects that such events may have and the duration of those effects. Any such event(s) could have a significant adverse impact on the value and risk profile of the Fund's portfolio.

The COVID-19 global pandemic and the aggressive responses taken by many governments, including closing borders, restricting international and domestic travel, and the imposition of prolonged quarantines or similar restrictions, as well as the forced or voluntary closure of, or operational changes to, many retail and other businesses, had negative impacts, and in many cases severe negative impacts, on the U.S. financial market. It is not known how long such impacts, or any future impacts of other significant events described above, will or would last, but there could be a prolonged period of global economic slowdown, which may impact your Fund investment. Therefore, the Fund could lose money over short periods due to short-term market movements and over longer periods during more prolonged market downturns. During a general market downturn, multiple asset classes may be negatively affected. Changes in market conditions and interest rates can have the same impact on all types of securities and instruments. In times of severe market disruptions, you could lose your entire investment.

Russia's military invasion of Ukraine in February 2022, the resulting responses by the United States and other countries, and the potential for wider conflict could increase volatility and uncertainty in the financial markets and adversely affect regional and global economies. The United States and other countries have imposed broad-ranging economic sanctions on Russia, certain Russian individuals, banking entities and corporations, and Belarus as a response to Russia's invasion of Ukraine, and may impose sanctions on other countries that provide military or economic support to Russia. The extent and duration of Russia's military actions and the repercussions of such actions (including any retaliatory actions or countermeasures that may be taken by those subject to sanctions, including cyber attacks) are impossible to predict, but could result in significant market disruptions, including in certain industries or sectors, such as the oil and natural gas markets, and may negatively affect global supply chains, inflation and global growth. These and any related events could significantly impact the Fund's performance and the value of an investment in the Fund, even if the Fund does not have direct exposure to Russian issuers or issuers in other countries affected by the invasion.

Options Risk. There are risks associated with the sale of call and put options. As the seller (writer) of a call option, the Fund assumes the risk of a decline in the market price of the underlying security below the purchase price of the underlying security less the premium received, and gives up the opportunity for gain on the underlying security above the exercise option price. As a seller (writer) of a put option, the Fund will lose money if the value of the security falls below the strike price.

Subsidiary Risk. By investing in the Subsidiary, the Fund is indirectly exposed to the risks associated with the Subsidiary's investments. The commodity-related instruments held by the Subsidiary are generally similar to those that are permitted to be held by the Fund and are subject to the same risks that apply to similar investments if held directly by the Fund (see "Commodities Risk" above). There can be no assurance that the investment objective of the Subsidiary will be achieved. The Subsidiary is not registered under the 1940 Act, and, unless otherwise noted in this Prospectus, is not subject to all the investor protections of the 1940 Act. However, the Fund wholly owns the Subsidiary, and the Fund and the Subsidiary are both managed by the Adviser, making it unlikely that the Subsidiary will take action contrary to the interests of the Fund and its shareholders. The Board has oversight responsibility for the investment activities of the Fund, including its investment in the Subsidiary, and the Fund's role as sole shareholder of the Subsidiary. To the extent applicable to the investment activities of the Subsidiary, the Subsidiary will be subject to the same investment restrictions and limitations, and follow the same compliance policies and procedures, as the Fund. Unlike the Fund, the Subsidiary will not seek to qualify as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code. Changes in the laws of the United States and/or the Cayman Islands could result in the inability of the Fund and/or the Subsidiary to operate as described in this prospectus and the SAI and could adversely affect the Fund.

The Adviser is a CPO with respect to the Fund and is registered with and regulated by the CFTC. As a result, the Fund is subject to regulation by the SEC, the CFTC and the NFA, which could increase compliance costs of the Fund.

Tax Risk. In order to qualify for the favorable U.S. federal income tax treatment generally available to a RIC, the Fund must, amongst other requirements described in detail in the SAI, derive at least 90% of its gross income in each taxable year from qualifying income. Certain of the Fund's investments when made directly (including commodity-related investments and certain other non-security based derivatives) may generate income that is not qualifying income. The Fund's investment in the Subsidiary is expected to provide the Fund with exposure to the commodities markets within the limitations of the federal tax requirements of Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code. The "Subpart F" income (defined in Section 951 of the Internal Revenue Code to include passive income, including from commodity-linked derivatives) of the Fund attributable to its investment in the Subsidiary is "qualifying income" to the Fund to the extent that such income is derived with respect to the Fund's business of investing in stock, securities or currencies. The Fund expects its "Subpart F" income attributable to its investment in the Subsidiary to be derived with respect to the Fund's business of investing in stock, securities or currencies, and accordingly to be treated as "qualifying income." The Adviser intends to conduct the Fund's investments in the Subsidiary in a manner consistent with the terms and conditions of applicable Treasury regulations, and will monitor the Fund's investments in the Subsidiary to ensure that no more than 25% of the Fund's assets are invested in the Subsidiary.

To the extent the Fund directly invests in commodity-linked derivative instruments and other similar instruments, directly, it will seek to restrict the resulting income from such instruments that do not generate qualifying income, such as commodity-linked swaps, to a maximum of 10% of its gross income (when combined with its other investments that produce non-qualifying income) to comply with certain qualifying income tests necessary for the Fund to qualify as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code. The Fund may be unable to determine the percentage of qualifying income it has derived for a taxable year until after year-end, might generate more non-qualifying income than anticipated or might not be able to generate qualifying income in a particular taxable year at levels sufficient to limit its non-qualifying income to 10% of the Fund's gross income. If the Fund were to fail to meet the qualifying income test for qualification as a RIC, it would be taxed in the same manner as an ordinary corporation, and distributions to its shareholders would not be deductible by the Fund in computing its taxable income, unless certain relief provisions are available (which would generally require the Fund to pay certain Fund-level taxes). In addition, the Fund may determine not to make an investment that it otherwise would have made, or may dispose of an investment it otherwise would have retained, in an effort to meet the qualifying income test. See the "Distributions and Tax Information" section of the SAI for additional information.

U.S. Treasury Obligations Risk. U.S. Treasury obligations are backed by the "full faith and credit" of the U.S. government and generally have negligible credit risk. Changes to the financial condition or credit rating of the U.S. government may cause the value of U.S. Treasury obligations to decline.

Volatility Risk. The Fund may have investments that appreciate or decrease significantly in value over short periods of time. This may cause the Fund's NAV per share to experience significant increases or declines in value over short periods of time.

Portfolio Holdings Disclosure: A complete description of the Fund's policies and procedures with respect to the disclosure of the Fund's portfolio holdings is available in the Fund's SAI and on the Fund's website at www.fulcrumassetfunds.com.

Operational and Cybersecurity Risk: Fund operations, including business, financial, accounting, data processing systems or other operating systems and facilities may be disrupted, disabled or damaged as a result of a number of factors, including events that are wholly or partially beyond our control. For example, there could be electrical or telecommunications outages; degradation or loss of internet or web services; natural disasters, such as earthquakes, tornados and hurricanes; disease pandemics; or events arising from local or larger scale political or social events, as well as terrorist acts.

The Fund is also subject to the risk of potential cyber incidents, which may include, but are not limited to, the harming of or unauthorized access to digital systems (for example, through "hacking" or infection by computer viruses or other malicious software code), denial-of-service attacks on websites, and the inadvertent or intentional release of confidential or proprietary information. Cyber incidents may, among other things, harm Fund operations, result in financial losses to the Fund and its shareholders, cause the release of confidential or highly restricted information, and result in regulatory penalties, reputational damage, and/or increased compliance, reimbursement or other compensation costs. Fund operations that may be disrupted or halted due to a cyber incident include trading, the processing of shareholder transactions, and the calculation of the Fund's NAV.

Issues affecting operating systems and facilities through cyber incidents, any of the scenarios described above, or other factors, may harm the Fund by affecting the Adviser, or other service providers, or issuers of securities in which the Fund invests. Although the Fund has business continuity plans and other safeguards in place, including what the Fund believes to be robust information security procedures and controls, there is no guarantee that these measures will prevent cyber incidents or prevent or ameliorate the effects of significant and widespread disruption to our physical infrastructure or operating systems. Furthermore, the Fund cannot directly control the security or other measures taken by unaffiliated service providers or the issuers of securities in which the Fund invests. Such risks at issuers of securities in which the Fund invests could result in material adverse consequences for such issuers and may cause the Fund's investment in such securities to lose value.

MANAGEMENT

Investment Adviser: Fulcrum Asset Management LLP is the Fund's investment adviser and is located at Marble Arch House, 66 Seymour Street, London W1H 5BT, United Kingdom. The Adviser is an SEC-registered investment advisory firm formed in 2004. As of July 31, 2023, the Adviser had assets under management of approximately \$6.3 billion.

Subject to the oversight of the Board of Trustees, the Adviser is responsible for managing the Fund's investments, placing trade orders and providing related administrative services and facilities under an Investment Advisory Agreement between the Fund and the Adviser. The management fee set forth in the Fund's Investment Advisory Agreement is 0.90% of the Fund's average daily net assets, annually, to be paid on a monthly basis. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the Adviser earned a fee equal to 0.71% of the Fund's average daily net assets. In addition to investment advisory fees, the Fund pays other expenses including costs incurred in connection with the maintenance of securities law registration, printing and mailing prospectuses and statements of additional information to shareholders, certain financial accounting services, taxes or governmental fees, custodial, transfer and shareholder servicing agent costs, expenses of outside counsel and independent accountants, preparation of shareholder reports and expenses of trustee and shareholders meetings.

The Adviser has contractually agreed to reduce its fees and/or absorb expenses of the Fund, until at least October 31, 2024 to ensure that total annual fund operating expenses after fee waiver and/or reimbursement excluding (i) any front end or contingent deferred loads; (ii) brokerage fees and commissions, (iii) acquired fund fees and expenses; (iv) fees and expenses associated with investments in other collective investment vehicles or derivative instruments (including for example option and swap fees and expenses); (v) borrowing costs (such as interest and dividend expense on securities sold short); (vi) taxes; and (vii) extraordinary expenses, such as litigation expenses (which may include indemnification of Fund officers and Trustees, contractual indemnification of Fund service providers (other than the Adviser) will not exceed 1.30%, 1.05%, 1.05% of the Fund's average daily net assets attributable to Advisor Class, Institutional Class and Super Institutional Class shares, respectively; subject to possible recoupment from the Fund in future years on a rolling three year basis if such recoupment can be achieved within the lesser of the expense limitation in place at the time of waiver and the expense limitation in place at the time of recapture. The expense limit arrangement may not be terminated during this time period without prior approval of the Board of Trustees on 60 days' written notice to the Adviser. The Adviser has contractually agreed to waive the management fee it receives from the Fund in an amount equal to the management fee paid to the Adviser by the Subsidiary. This undertaking will continue in effect for so long as the Fund invests in the Subsidiary and may be terminated only with the approval of the Board. The Adviser does not charge a performance fee or fulcrum fee for its management of the Fund.

A discussion regarding the basis of the Board's approval of the investment advisory agreement is available in the Fund's Annual Report to shareholders dated June 30, 2023.

Investment Committee: The Adviser has established an Investment Committee (the "Committee") that is jointly and primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund's portfolio. The Committee currently is comprised of Gavyn Davies, Suhail Shaikh, CFA and Andrew Bevan, PhD have served as portfolio managers since the Fund's inception.

Gavyn Davies, Founding Partner, Executive Chairman of the Adviser, Chairman of the Committee, over 40 years of experience

- Founded the Adviser in 2004
- BBC, Chairman, 2001-2004
- Goldman Sachs, Chief Economist, Managing Director then Partner, 1986-2001
- Simon & Coates then Phillips & Drew, Economist, 1979-1986
- Policy Unit at 10 Downing Street, Economic Policy Economist (1974) then adviser to the Prime Minister (1976-1979)
- St John's College (University of Cambridge), then Research at Balliol College (University of Oxford), until 1974

Suhail Shaikh, CFA Partner, Chief Investment Officer, over 15 years of experience

- Joined the Adviser in 2005
- Goldman Sachs, Associate, Investment Strategy Group, 2002-2005
- Goldman Sachs, Analyst, Global Equity then Global Fixed Income & Currency Asset Management, 2000-2002
- CFA Charterholder since 2003
- BSc Management, London School of Economics & Political Sciences, 1997-2000

Andrew Bevan, PhD Partner, Economic Advisor, over 35 years of experience

- Joined the Adviser in 2006
- Goldman Sachs, Managing Director, Head of Global Markets Research, 1994-2005
- Bear Stearns, Managing Director, Head of Financial Analytics and Structured Transactions Group, 1990-1994
- Reading University, First Class BA Economics, 1978; City University Business School, PhD International Monetary Economics, 1986; Kings College London, PhD Theology, 2002

The SAI provides additional information about the Committee members' compensation, other accounts managed by Committee members and the Committee members' ownership of securities in the Fund.

HOW SHARES ARE PRICED

Shares of the Fund are sold at NAV. The NAV of the Fund is determined at the close of regular trading (normally 4:00 p.m., Eastern Time) on each day that the NYSE is open for business. NAV is computed by determining, on a per class basis, the aggregate market value of all assets of the applicable Fund, less its liabilities, divided by the total number of shares outstanding ((assets-liabilities)/number of shares = NAV). The NYSE is closed on weekends, New Year's Day, Martin Luther King, Jr. Day, Presidents' Day, Good Friday, Memorial Day, Juneteenth, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day ("NYSE Close"). The NAV takes into account, on a per class basis, the expenses and fees of the Fund, including management, administration, and distribution fees, which are accrued daily. The determination of NAV for the Fund for a particular day is applicable to all applications for the purchase of shares, as well as all requests for the redemption of shares, received by the Fund (or an authorized broker or agent, or its authorized designee) before the close of trading on the NYSE on that day.

Generally, the Fund's securities are valued each day at the last quoted sales price on each security's primary exchange. Securities traded or dealt in upon one or more securities exchanges (whether domestic or foreign) for which market quotations are readily available and not subject to restrictions against resale shall be valued at the last quoted sales price on the primary exchange or, in the absence of a sale on the primary exchange, at the mean between the current bid and ask prices on such exchange. Securities primarily traded in the National Association of Securities Dealers' Automated Quotation System ("NASDAQ") National Market System for which market quotations are readily available shall be valued using the NASDAQ Official Closing Price. Securities that are not traded or dealt in any securities exchange (whether domestic or foreign) and for which over-the-counter market quotations are readily available generally shall be valued at the last sale price or, in the absence of a sale, at the mean between the current bid and ask price on such over-the-counter market. Debt securities not traded on an exchange may be valued at prices supplied by a pricing agent(s) based on broker or dealer supplied valuations or matrix pricing, a method of valuing securities by reference to the value of other securities with similar characteristics, such as rating, interest rate and maturity.

If market quotations are not readily available, securities will be valued at their fair market value as determined using the "fair value" procedures approved by the Board of Trustees. Fair value pricing involves subjective judgments and it is possible that the fair value determined for a security may be materially different than the value that could be realized upon the sale of that security. The fair value prices can differ from market prices when they become available or when a price becomes available. The Board of Trustees has designated the Adviser as its Valuation Designee for execution of these procedures. The Valuation Designee may also enlist third party consultants such as an audit firm or financial officer of a security issuer on an as-needed basis to assist in determining a security-specific fair value. The Board of Trustees reviews and ratifies the execution of this process and the resultant fair value prices at least quarterly to assure the process produces reliable results.

The Fund may use independent pricing services to assist in calculating the value of the Fund's securities. In addition, market prices for foreign securities are not determined at the same time of day as the NAV for the Fund.

In computing the NAV, the Fund values foreign securities held by the Fund at the latest closing price on the exchange in which they are traded immediately prior to closing of the NYSE. Prices of foreign securities quoted in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars at current rates. If events materially affecting the value of a security in the Fund's portfolio, particularly foreign securities, occur after the close of trading on a foreign market but before the Fund prices its shares, the security will be valued at fair value. For example, if trading in a portfolio security is halted and does not resume before the Fund calculates its NAV, the Adviser may need to price the security using the Fund's fair value pricing guidelines. Without a fair value price, short-term traders could take advantage of the arbitrage opportunity and dilute the NAV of long term investors. Fair valuation of the Fund's portfolio securities can serve to reduce arbitrage opportunities available to short term traders, but there is no assurance that fair value pricing policies will prevent dilution of the Fund's NAV by short term traders. The determination of fair value involves subjective judgments. As a result, using fair value to price a security may result in a price materially different from the prices used by other mutual funds to determine NAV, or from the price that may be realized upon the actual sale of the security.

With respect to any portion of the Fund's assets that are invested in one or more open-end management investment companies registered under the 1940 Act, the Fund's NAV is calculated based upon the NAVs of those open-end management investment companies, and the prospectuses for these companies explain the circumstances under which those companies will use fair value pricing and the effects of using fair value pricing.

HOW TO PURCHASE SHARES

Share Classes: This Prospectus describes three classes of shares offered by the Fund: Super Institutional, Institutional Class and Advisor Class. The Fund offers these three classes of shares so that you can choose the class that best suits your investment needs. The main differences between the share classes are ongoing fees. Advisor Class shares pay an annual fee of up to 0.25% for distribution and shareholder services expenses pursuant to a plan under Rule 12b-1. Advisor Class shares are not currently offered for sale. In choosing which class of shares to purchase, you should consider which will be most beneficial to you, given the amount of your purchase and the length of time you expect to hold the shares. Each class of shares in the Fund represents interest in the same portfolio of investments within the Fund. The Fund reserves the right to waive sales charges. All share classes may not be available for purchase in all states.

Super Institutional Class shares: Super Institutional Class shares of the Fund are offered without any sales charge on purchases or sales and without any ongoing distribution fee. The minimum initial investment for Super Institutional Class shares is \$25,000,000. The minimum subsequent investment amount for the Super Institutional Class is \$1,000.

Super Institutional Class shares are available for purchase exclusively by (1) eligible institutions (e.g., a financial institution or any of its clients, a corporation, trust, estate, or educational, religious or charitable institution) with assets of at least \$25,000,000, (2) tax exempt retirement plans with assets of at least \$25,000,000 (including 401(k) plans, 457 plans, employer-sponsored 403(b) plans, profit sharing and money purchase plans, defined benefit plans and non-qualified deferred compensation plans), (3) qualified state tuition plan (529 plan) accounts and (4) high net worth/ultra high net worth individuals/families. The minimum asset requirements may be waived from time to time by the Advisor.

Super Institutional Class share participants in tax-exempt retirement plans must contact the plan's administrator to purchase shares. For plan administrator contact information, participants should contact their respective employer's human resources department. Transactions generally are effected on behalf of a tax-exempt retirement plan participant by the administrator or a custodian, trustee or record keeper for the plan by their administrator or financial advisor. Super Institutional Class shares institutional clients may purchase shares either directly or through an authorized dealer.

Institutional Class shares: Institutional Class shares are charged a shareholder servicing fee of up to 0.10%. Institutional Class shares do not carry a sales charge. The minimum initial investment for Institutional Class shares is \$1,000,000 for those in (1) below; the minimum initial investment is waived for those in (2) and (3) below. The minimum subsequent investment amount for the Institutional Class is \$100.

The following persons are eligible to invest in Institutional Class shares:

1. Institutional investors including banks, savings institutions, credit unions and other financial institutions, insurance companies, investment companies, investment advisers, broker-dealers and financial advisers acting for their own accounts or for the accounts of their clients;
2. Full-time employees, agents, employees of agents, retirees and directors (trustees), and members of their families (i.e., parent, child, spouse, domestic partner, sibling, set or adopted relationships, grandparent, grandchild and UTMA accounts naming qualifying persons) of the Adviser and its affiliated companies; and
3. Shareholders investing through accounts at approved broker-dealers who act as selling agents for the Fund.

Advisor Class Shares: Advisor Class shares are charged a 0.25% Rule 12b-1 distribution and service fee and a shareholder servicing fee of up to 0.15%. The Trust has adopted a plan pursuant to Rule 12b-1 for the Fund's Advisor Class that allows the Fund to pay fees for the sale, distribution and servicing of its Advisor Class. The plan provides for a distribution and servicing fee of up to 0.25% of the Advisor Class average daily net assets. Because these fees are paid out over the life of the Fund's Advisor Class, over time, these fees (to the extent they are accrued and paid) will increase the cost of your investment and may cost you more than paying other types of sales charges. Super Institutional and Institutional Class shares of the Fund are not subject to Rule 12b-1 fees. The minimum initial investment amount for the Advisor Class is \$1,000. The minimum subsequent investment amount for the Advisor Class is \$100. Advisor Class shares are not currently offered for sale.

The Fund's minimum investment requirements may be waived from time to time by the Adviser, and for the following types of shareholders:

- current and retired employees, directors/trustees and officers of the Trust, the Adviser and its affiliates and certain family members of each of them (i.e., spouse, domestic partner, child, parent, sibling, grandchild and grandparent, in each case including in-law, step and adoptive relationships);
- any trust, pension, profit sharing or other benefit plan for current and retired employees, directors/trustees and officers of the Adviser and its affiliates;
- current employees of Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC (the "Transfer Agent"), broker-dealers who act as selling agents for the Fund, intermediaries that have marketing agreements in place with the Adviser and the immediate family members of any of them;

- existing clients of the Adviser, their employees and immediate family members of such employees;
- registered investment advisers who buy through a broker-dealer or service agent who has entered into an agreement with the Fund's distributor; and
- qualified broker-dealers who have entered into an agreement with the Fund distributor.

Factors to Consider When Choosing a Share Class: When deciding which class of shares of the Fund to purchase, you should consider your investment goals, present and future amounts you may invest in the Fund, and the length of time you intend to hold your shares. To help you make a determination as to which class of shares to buy, please refer back to the examples of the Fund's expenses over time in the **Fees and Expenses of the Fund** section in this Prospectus. You also may wish to consult with your financial adviser for advice with regard to which share class would be most appropriate for you.

Purchasing Shares: You may purchase shares of the Fund by sending a completed application form to the following address:

via Regular Mail
Fulcrum Diversified Absolute Return Fund
 c/o Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC
 P.O. Box 541150
 Omaha, Nebraska 68154

or Overnight Mail
Fulcrum Diversified Absolute Return Fund
 c/o Ultimus Fund Solutions LLC
 4221 North 203rd Street, Suite 100
 Elkhorn, Nebraska 68022-3474

The USA PATRIOT Act requires financial institutions, including the Fund, to adopt certain policies and programs to prevent money-laundering activities, including procedures to verify the identity of customers opening new accounts. As requested on the application, you should supply your full name, date of birth, social security number and permanent street address. Mailing addresses containing a P.O. Box will not be accepted. This information will assist the Fund in verifying your identity. Until such verification is made, the Fund may temporarily limit additional share purchases. In addition, the Fund may limit additional share purchases or close an account if it is unable to verify a shareholder's identity. As required by law, the Fund may employ various procedures, such as comparing the information to fraud databases or requesting additional information or documentation from you, to ensure that the information supplied by you is correct.

The Fund, however, reserves the right, in its sole discretion, to reject any application to purchase shares. Applications will not be accepted unless they are accompanied by a check drawn on a U.S. bank, thrift institutions, or credit union in U.S. funds for the full amount of the shares to be purchased. After you open an account, you may purchase additional shares by sending a check together with written instructions stating the name(s) on the account and the account number, to the above address. Make all checks payable to the Fund. The Fund will not accept payment in cash, including cashier's checks or money orders. Also, to prevent check fraud, the Fund will not accept credit cards or third-party checks, U.S. Treasury checks, credit card, checks or starter checks for the purchase of shares. Redemptions of shares of the Fund purchased by check may be subject to a hold period until the check has been cleared by the issuing bank. To avoid such holding periods, shares may be purchased through a broker or by wire, as described in this section.

Note: Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC, the Fund's transfer agent, will charge a \$25 fee against a shareholder's account, in addition to any loss sustained by the Fund, for any check or electronic payments returned to the transfer agent for insufficient funds.

Purchase through Brokers: You may invest in the Fund through brokers or agents who have entered into selling agreements with the Fund's distributor. The brokers and agents are authorized to receive purchase and redemption orders on behalf of the Fund. Such brokers are authorized to designate other intermediaries to receive purchase and redemption orders on the Fund's behalf. The Fund will be deemed to have received a purchase or redemption order when an authorized broker or its designee receives the order. The broker or agent may set their own initial and subsequent investment minimums. You may be charged a fee if you use a broker or agent to buy or redeem shares of the Fund. Finally, various servicing agents use procedures and impose restrictions that may be in addition to, or different from those applicable to investors purchasing shares directly from the Fund. You should carefully read the program materials provided to you by your servicing agent.

Purchase by Wire: If you wish to wire money to make an investment in the Fund, please call the Fund at 1-855-538-5278 for wiring instructions and to notify the Fund that a wire transfer is coming. Any commercial bank can transfer same-day funds via wire. The Fund will normally accept wired funds for investment on the day received if they are received by the Fund's designated bank before the close of regular trading on the NYSE. Your bank may charge you a fee for wiring same-day funds.

Purchasing Shares by Telephone

If you accepted telephone options on your account application or by subsequent arrangement in writing with the Fund and your account has been open for at least seven business days, you may purchase additional shares by calling the Fund toll-free at 855-538-5278. You may not make your initial purchase of the Fund shares by telephone. Telephone orders will be accepted via electronic funds transfer from your pre-designated bank account through the ACH network. You must have banking information established on your account prior to making a telephone purchase. Only bank accounts held at domestic institutions that are ACH members may be used for telephone transactions. If your order is received prior to 4:00 p.m., Eastern Time, shares will be purchased at the appropriate share price next calculated. For security reasons, requests by telephone may be recorded. Once a telephone transaction has been placed, it cannot be cancelled or modified after the close of regular trading on the NYSE (generally, 4:00 p.m. Eastern time).

Automatic Investment Plan: Once your account has been opened with the initial minimum investment, you may make additional purchases of Advisor Class shares at regular intervals (*i.e.*, monthly or quarterly) through the Automatic Investment Plan (“AIP”). The AIP is not available for Super Institutional and Institutional Class shares. The AIP provides a convenient method to have monies deducted from your bank account, for investment into the Fund, on a monthly or quarterly basis. In order to participate in the AIP, each purchase must be in the amount of \$100 or more for the Advisor Class, and your financial institution must be a member of the ACH network. If your bank rejects your payment, the Transfer Agent will charge a \$25 fee to your account. To begin participating in the AIP, please complete the Automatic Investment Plan section on the account application or call the Transfer Agent at 855-538-5278 if you have questions about the Plan. Any request to change or terminate your AIP should be submitted to the Transfer Agent at least five calendar days prior to the automatic investment date.

When Order is Processed: All shares will be purchased at the NAV per share (plus applicable sales charges, if any) next determined after the Fund receives your application or request in good order. All requests received in good order by the Fund before the close of the NYSE, generally 4:00 p.m. (Eastern Time), will be processed on that same day. Requests received after 4:00 p.m. (Eastern Time), or the close of the NYSE if earlier, will be processed on the next business day.

Good Order: When making a purchase request, make sure your request is in good order.

“Good order” means your purchase request includes:

- the name of the Fund;
- the dollar amount of shares to be purchased;
- a completed purchase application or investment stub;
- check payable to the “Fulcrum Diversified Absolute Return Fund.”

Retirement Plans: You may purchase shares of the Fund for your individual retirement plans. Please call the Fund at 855-538-5278 for the most current listing and appropriate disclosure documentation on how to open a retirement account.

The Fund offers prototype documents for a variety of retirement accounts for individuals and small businesses. Please call 855-538-5278 for information on:

- Individual Retirement Plans, including Traditional IRAs and Roth IRAs.
- Small Business Retirement Plans, including Simple IRAs and SEP IRAs.

There may be special distribution requirements for a retirement account, such as required distributions or mandatory federal income tax withholdings. For more information, call the number listed above. Direct shareholder accounts may be charged a \$15 annual account maintenance fee for each retirement account up to a maximum of \$30 annually and a \$25 fee for transferring assets to another custodian or for closing a retirement account. Fees charged by other institutions may vary.

HOW TO REDEEM SHARES

Redeeming Shares: The Fund typically expects that it will take up to three business days following the receipt of your redemption request to pay out redemption proceeds by check or electronic transfer. The Fund typically expects to pay redemptions from cash, cash equivalent, proceeds from the sale of Fund shares, any lines of portfolio securities. These redemption payment methods will be used in regular and stressed market conditions. You may redeem all or any portion of the shares credited to your account by submitting a written request for redemption to:

Regular Mail

Fulcrum Diversified Absolute Return Fund
c/o Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC
P.O. Box 541150
Omaha, Nebraska 68154

Overnight Express Mail

Fulcrum Diversified Absolute Return Fund
c/o Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC
4221 North 203rd Street, Suite 100
Elkhorn, Nebraska 68022

Redemptions by Telephone: The telephone redemption privilege is automatically available to all new accounts. If you do not want the telephone redemption privilege, you must indicate this in the appropriate area on your account application or you must write to the Fund and instruct it to remove this privilege from your account. The proceeds, which are equal to number of shares times NAV less any applicable deferred sales charges, will be sent by mail to the address designated on your account or sent electronically, via ACH or wire, directly to your existing account in a bank or brokerage firm in the United States as designated on our application. To redeem by telephone, call 855-538 5278. If you own an IRA, you will be asked whether or not the Fund(s) should withhold federal income tax.

During periods of high market activity, you may encounter higher than usual wait times. Please allow sufficient time to ensure that you will be able to complete your telephone transaction prior to market close. Neither the Fund nor its transfer agent will be held liable if you are unable to place your trade due to high call volume.

The Fund reserves the right to suspend the telephone redemption privileges with respect to your account if the name(s) or the address on the account has been changed within the previous 30 days. Neither the Fund, the transfer agent, nor their respective affiliates will be liable for complying with telephone instructions they reasonably believe to be genuine or for any loss, damage, cost or expenses in acting on such telephone instructions and you will be required to bear the risk of any such loss. The Fund or the transfer agent, or both, will employ reasonable procedures to determine that telephone instructions are genuine. If the Fund and/or the transfer agent do not employ these procedures, they may be liable to you for losses due to unauthorized or fraudulent instructions. These procedures may include, among others, requiring forms of personal identification prior to acting upon telephone instructions, providing written confirmation of the transactions and/or tape recording telephone instructions. **Redemptions through Broker:** If shares of the Fund are held by a broker-dealer, financial institution or other servicing agent, you must contact that servicing agent to redeem shares of the Fund. The servicing agent may charge a fee for this service.

Redemptions by Wire: You may request that your redemption proceeds be wired directly to your bank account.

The Fund's transfer agent imposes a \$15 fee for each wire redemption and deducts the fee directly from your account. Your bank may also impose a fee for the incoming wire.

Systematic Withdrawal Plan: If your individual account, IRA or other qualified plan account has a current account value of at least \$10,000, you may participate in the Fund's Systematic Withdrawal Plan, an investment plan that automatically moves money to your bank account from the Fund through the use of electronic funds transfers. You may elect to make subsequent withdrawals by transfers of a minimum of \$200 on specified days of each month into your established bank account. Please contact the Fund at 855-538-5278 for more information about the Fund's Systematic Withdrawal Plan.

Redemptions in Kind: The Fund reserves the right to honor requests for redemption or repurchase orders by making payment in whole or in part in readily marketable securities ("redemption in kind") if the amount is greater than \$250,000 or 1% of the Fund's assets. The securities will be chosen by the Fund and valued using the Fund's NAV pricing procedures. A shareholder will be exposed to market risk until these securities are converted to cash and may incur transaction expenses in converting these securities to cash.

Redemption "In-Kind"

The Fund typically expects to meet redemption requests by paying out proceeds from cash or cash equivalent portfolio holdings, or by selling portfolio holdings. In stressed market conditions, redemption methods may include paying redemption proceeds to you in whole or in part by a distribution of securities from the Fund's portfolio (a "redemption in-kind"). If the Fund pays your redemption proceeds by a distribution of securities, you could incur brokerage or other charges in converting the securities to cash and will bear any market risks associated with such securities until they are converted into cash.

When Redemptions are Sent: Once the Fund receives your redemption request in “good order” as described below, it will issue a check based on the next determined NAV following your redemption request. The redemption proceeds normally will be sent by mail or by wire within three business days after receipt of a request in “good order.” If you purchase shares using a check and soon after request a redemption, your redemption proceeds, which are payable at the next determined NAV following the receipt of your redemption request in “good order,” as described below, will not be sent until the check used for your purchase has cleared your bank.

Good Order: Your redemption request will be processed if it is in “good order.” To be in good order, the following conditions must be satisfied:

- the request should be in writing, unless redeeming by telephone, indicating the number of shares or dollar amount to be redeemed;
- the request must identify your account number;
- the request should be signed by you and any other person listed on the account, exactly as the shares are registered; and
- if you request that the redemption proceeds be sent to a person, bank or an address other than that of record or paid to someone other than the record owner(s), or if the address was changed within the last 30 days, or if the proceeds of a requested redemption exceed \$50,000, the signature(s) on the request must be medallion signature guaranteed by an eligible signature guarantor.

When You Need Medallion Signature Guarantees: If you wish to change the bank or brokerage account that you have designated on your account, you may do so at any time by writing to the Fund with your signature guaranteed. A medallion signature guarantee assures that a signature is genuine and protects you from unauthorized account transfers. You will need your signature guaranteed if:

- you request a redemption to be made payable to a person not on record with the Fund;
- you request that a redemption be mailed to an address other than that on record with the Fund;
- the proceeds of a requested redemption exceed \$50,000;
- any redemption is transmitted by federal wire transfer to a bank other than the bank of record; or
- your address was changed within 30 days of your redemption request.

Signatures may be guaranteed by any eligible guarantor institution (including banks, brokers and dealers, credit unions, national securities exchanges, registered securities associations, clearing agencies and savings associations). Further documentation will be required to change the designated account if shares are held by a corporation, fiduciary or other organization. A notary public cannot guarantee signatures.

Retirement Plans: If you own an IRA or other retirement plan, you must indicate on your redemption request whether the Fund should withhold federal income tax. Unless you elect in your redemption request that you do not want to have federal tax withheld, the redemption will be subject to withholding.

FREQUENT PURCHASES AND REDEMPTIONS OF FUND SHARES

The Fund discourages and does not accommodate market timing. Frequent trading into and out of the Fund can harm all Fund shareholders by disrupting the Fund's investment strategies, increasing Fund expenses, decreasing tax efficiency and diluting the value of shares held by long-term shareholders. The Fund is designed for long-term investors and is not intended for market timing or other disruptive trading activities. Accordingly, the Board of Trustees has approved policies that seek to curb these disruptive activities while recognizing that shareholders may have a legitimate need to adjust their Fund investments as their financial needs or circumstances change. The Fund currently uses several methods to reduce the risk of market timing. These methods include:

- committing staff to review, on a continuing basis, recent trading activity in order to identify trading activity that may be contrary to the Fund's Market Timing Trading Policy;
- rejecting or limiting specific purchase requests; and
- rejecting purchase requests from certain investors.

Though these methods involve judgments that are inherently subjective and involve some selectivity in their application, the Fund seeks to make judgments and applications that are consistent with the interests of Fund shareholders.

Based on the frequency of redemptions in your account, the Adviser or transfer agent may in its sole discretion determine that your trading activity is detrimental to the Fund as described in the Fund's Market Timing Trading Policy and elect to reject or limit the amount, number, frequency or method for requesting future purchases or redemptions into the Fund.

The Fund reserves the right to reject or restrict purchase requests for any reason, particularly when the shareholder's trading activity suggests that the shareholder may be engaged in market timing or other disruptive trading activities. Neither the Fund nor the Adviser will be liable for any losses resulting from rejected purchase orders. The Adviser may also bar an investor who has violated these policies (and the investor's financial advisor) from opening new accounts with the Fund.

Although the Fund attempts to limit disruptive trading activities, some investors use a variety of strategies to hide their identities and their trading practices. There can be no guarantee that the Fund will be able to identify or limit these activities. Omnibus account arrangements are common forms of holding shares of the Fund. While the Fund will encourage financial intermediaries to apply the Fund's Market Timing Trading Policy to their customers who invest indirectly in the Fund, the Fund is limited in its ability to monitor the trading activity or enforce the Fund's Market Timing Trading Policy with respect to customers of financial intermediaries. For example, should it occur, the Fund may not be able to detect market timing that may be facilitated by financial intermediaries or made difficult to identify in the omnibus accounts used by those intermediaries for aggregated purchases, exchanges and redemptions on behalf of all their customers. More specifically, unless the financial intermediaries have the ability to apply the Fund's Market Timing Trading Policy to their customers through such methods as implementing short-term trading limitations or restrictions and monitoring trading activity for what might be market timing, the Fund may not be able to determine whether trading by customers of financial intermediaries is contrary to the Fund's Market Timing Trading Policy. Brokers maintaining omnibus accounts with the Fund have agreed to provide shareholder transaction information to the extent known to the broker to the Fund upon request. If the Fund or its transfer agent or shareholder servicing agent suspects there is market timing activity in the account, the Fund will seek full cooperation from the service provider maintaining the account to identify the underlying participant. At the request of the Adviser, the service providers may take immediate action to stop any further short-term trading by such participants.

TAX STATUS, DIVIDENDS AND DISTRIBUTIONS

Any sale or exchange of the Fund's shares may generate tax liability (unless you are a tax-exempt investor or your investment is in a qualified retirement account). When you redeem your shares, you may realize a taxable gain or loss. This is measured by the difference between the proceeds of the sale and the tax basis for the shares you sold. (To aid in computing your tax basis, you generally should retain your account statements for the period that you hold shares in the Fund.)

Dividends from net investment income, if any, are declared semi-annually. The Fund intends to distribute its net capital gains, if any, annually. Both types of distributions will be reinvested in shares of the Fund unless you elect to receive cash. Dividends from net investment income (including any excess of net short-term capital gain over net long-term capital loss) are taxable to investors as ordinary income, while distributions of net capital gain (the excess of net long-term capital gain over net short term capital loss) are generally taxable as long-term capital gain, regardless of your holding period for the shares. Any dividends or capital gain distributions you receive from the Fund will normally be taxable to you when made, regardless of whether you reinvest dividends or capital gain distributions or receive them in cash. Certain dividends or distributions declared in October, November or December will be taxed to shareholders as if received in December if they are paid during the following January. Each year the Fund will inform you of the amount and type of your distributions. IRAs and other qualified retirement plans are exempt from federal income taxation until retirement proceeds are paid out to the participant.

Your redemptions, including exchanges, may result in a capital gain or loss for federal tax purposes. A capital gain or loss on your investment is the difference between the cost of your shares, including any sales charges, and the amount you receive when you sell them. The Fund must report to the IRS and furnish to shareholders the cost basis information for shares purchased and sold. The Fund has chosen average cost as its standing (default) tax lot identification method for all shareholders, which means this is the method the Fund will use to determine which specific shares are deemed to be sold when there are multiple purchases on different dates at differing NAVs, and the entire position is not sold at one time. Shareholders may, however, choose a method other than the Fund's standing method at the time of their purchase or upon sale of covered shares. Shareholders should consult their tax advisors to determine the best IRS-accepted cost basis method for their tax situation and to obtain more information about how cost basis reporting applies to them. Shareholders also should carefully review the cost basis information provided to them by the Fund and make any additional basis, holding period or other adjustments that are required when reporting these amounts on their federal income tax returns.

On the account application, you will be asked to certify that your social security number or taxpayer identification number is correct and that you are not subject to backup withholding for failing to report income to the IRS. If you are subject to backup withholding or you did not certify your taxpayer identification number, the IRS requires the Fund to withhold a percentage of any dividend, redemption or exchange proceeds. The Fund reserves the right to reject any application that does not include a certified social security or taxpayer identification number. If you do not have a social security number, you should indicate on the purchase form that your application to obtain a number is pending. The Fund is required to withhold taxes if a number is not delivered to the Fund within seven days.

This summary is not intended to be and should not be construed to be legal or tax advice. You should consult your own tax advisers to determine the tax consequences of owning the Fund's shares.

DISTRIBUTION OF SHARES

DISTRIBUTOR: Northern Lights Distributors, LLC, (the “Distributor”) located at 4221 North 203rd Street, Suite 100, Elkhorn, Nebraska 68022, is the distributor for the shares of the Funds. The Distributor is a registered broker-dealer and member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. (“FINRA”). Shares of the Funds are offered on a continuous basis.

DISTRIBUTION FEES:

The Trust on behalf of the Funds, has adopted the Trust’s Master Distribution and Shareholder Servicing Plan for Advisor Class shares (the “Plans”), pursuant to Rule 12b-1 of the 1940 Act, which allows the Fund to pay for distribution and shareholder servicing expenses of 0.25% of the Fund’s Advisor Class average daily net assets.

The Distributor and other entities are paid under the Plan for services provided and the expenses borne by the distributor and others in the distribution of Fund shares, including the payment of commissions for sales of the shares and incentive compensation to and expenses of dealers and others who engage in or support distribution of shares or who service shareholder accounts, including overhead and telephone expenses; printing and distribution of prospectuses and reports used in connection with the offering of the Funds’ shares to other than current shareholders; and preparation, printing and distribution of sales literature and advertising materials. In addition, the distributor or other entities may utilize fees paid pursuant to the Plans to compensate dealers or other entities for their opportunity costs in advancing such amounts, which compensation would be in the form of a carrying charge on any un-reimbursed expenses.

You should be aware that if you hold your shares for a substantial period of time, you may indirectly pay more than the economic equivalent of the maximum front-end sales charge allowed by FINRA due to the recurring nature of distribution (12b-1) fees.

Shareholder Servicing Plan

The Trust has also adopted a Shareholder Service Plan under which the Fund’s Institutional Class and Advisor Class shares may pay a fee of up to 0.10% and up to 0.15%, respectively, of the average daily net assets of the Fund’s Institutional Class and Advisor Class, for sub-administration, sub-transfer agency and other shareholder services associated with shareholders whose shares are held of record in omnibus, other group accounts or accounts traded through registered securities clearing agents provided to the Fund by intermediaries such as banks, broker-dealers, financial advisers or other financial institutions. Because the Fund pays shareholder service fees on an ongoing basis, your investment cost over time may be higher than paying other types of sales charges.

Householding: In an effort to decrease costs, the Fund intends to reduce the number of duplicate prospectuses, proxy statements and other similar documents you receive by sending only one copy of each to those addresses shared by two or more accounts and to shareholders the Transfer Agent reasonably believes are from the same family or household. Once implemented, if you would like to discontinue householding for your accounts, please call toll-free at 855-538-5278 to request individual copies of these documents. Once the Transfer Agent receives notice to stop householding, the Transfer Agent will begin sending individual copies thirty days after receiving your request. This policy does not apply to account statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The financial highlights tables are intended to help you understand the Fund's financial performance for the past five years. Certain information reflects financial results for a single share. The total returns in each table represent the rate that an investor would have earned or lost on an investment in the Fund (assuming reinvestment of all dividends and distributions). The Predecessor Fund commenced operations on July 31, 2015. The Fund is the accounting survivor of the Reorganization. The returns shown below for periods prior to the Reorganization on March 10, 2023 are for the Predecessor Fund. The information for each of the years ended June 30, 2022 and prior, are from the Predecessor Fund's financial statements which were audited by BBD, LLP, the Predecessor Fund's independent registered public accounting firm. The information for the year ended June 30, 2023 has been audited by Cohen & Company, whose report is included in the annual report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The Predecessor Fund's annual report is available upon request.

Fulcrum Diversified Absolute Return Fund					
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS					
Per Share Data and Ratios for a Share of Beneficial Interest Outstanding Throughout Each Year					
	Institutional Class				
	Year Ended June 30 2023	Year Ended June 30 2022	Year Ended June 30 2021	Year Ended June 30 2020	Year Ended June 30 2019
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$ 9.17	\$ 10.01	\$ 9.76	\$ 8.99	\$ 9.69
Activity from investment operations:					
Net investment income/(loss) ⁽¹⁾	0.12	(0.06)	(0.10)	(0.00)	(0.03)
Net realized and unrealized gain/(loss) on investments	(0.31)	0.03	1.08	0.77	0.10
Total from investment operations	(0.19)	(0.03)	0.98	0.77	0.07
Less distributions from:					
Net investment income	-	(0.81)	(0.41)	-	(0.77)
Net realized gains	(0.12)	-	(0.32)	-	-
Total distributions	(0.12)	(0.81)	(0.73)	-	(0.77)
Net asset value, end of year	\$ 8.86 ⁽²⁾	\$ 9.17	\$ 10.01	\$ 9.76	\$ 8.99
Total return ⁽³⁾	-2.13% ⁽⁸⁾	-0.09%	10.58%	8.57%	1.09%
Net assets, at end of year (000s)	\$ 100,426	\$ 73,478	\$ 1,990	\$ 1,340	\$ 2,743
Ratios including the income and expenses of FDCFC					
Ratio of gross expenses to average net assets ⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾	1.40%	1.41%	1.32%	1.19%	1.24%
Ratio of net expenses to average net assets ⁽⁶⁾	1.20%	1.13%	1.11%	1.09%	1.13%
Ratio of net investment income/(loss) to average net assets ⁽⁷⁾	1.34%	-0.65%	-0.98%	-0.01%	-0.35%
Portfolio Turnover Rate	84%	129%	140%	88%	81%
(1) Per share amounts calculated using the average shares method, which more appropriately presents the per share data for the period.					
(2) Includes adjustments made in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.					
(3) Total returns shown exclude the effect of applicable sales charges and redemption fees. Had the advisor not waived its fees or reimbursed a portion of the Fund's expenses, the returns would have been lower.					
(4) Represents the ratio of expenses to average net assets absent fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements by the advisor.					
(5) Ratio of gross expenses to average net assets excluding interest and brokerage expenses	1.33%	1.41%	1.26%	1.18%	1.23%
(6) Ratio of net expenses to average net assets excluding interest and brokerage expenses	1.14%	1.13%	1.05%	1.08%	1.12%
(7) Ratio of net investment income/(loss) to average net assets excluding interest and brokerage expenses	1.40%	-0.64%	-0.93%	0.00%	-0.34%
(8) Includes adjustments made in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.					

Fulcrum Diversified Absolute Return Fund

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Per Share Data and Ratios for a Share of Beneficial Interest Outstanding Throughout Each Year

	Super Institutional Class				
	Year Ended June 30, 2023	Year Ended June 30, 2022	Year Ended June 30, 2021	Year Ended June 30, 2020	Year Ended June 30, 2019
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$ 9.20	\$ 10.03	\$ 9.78	\$ 9.00	\$ 9.69
Activity from investment operations:					
Net investment income/(loss) ⁽¹⁾	0.14	(0.08)	(0.10)	0.02	(0.02)
Net realized and unrealized gain/(loss) on investments	(0.32)	0.06	1.08	0.76	0.10
Total from investment operations	(0.18)	(0.02)	0.98	0.78	0.08
Less distributions from:					
Net investment income	-	(0.81)	(0.41)	(0.00)	(0.77)
Net realized gains	(0.12)	-	(0.32)	-	-
Return of capital	-	-	-	-	-
Total distributions	(0.12)	(0.81)	(0.73)	(0.00)	(0.77)
Net asset value, end of year	\$ 8.90 ⁽²⁾	\$ 9.20	\$ 10.03	\$ 9.78	\$ 9.00
Total return ⁽³⁾	-2.01% ⁽⁸⁾	0.02%	10.60%	8.69%	1.21%
Net assets, at end of year (000s)	\$ 126,697	\$ 85,504	\$ 108,011	\$ 167,280	\$ 183,278
Ratios including the income and expenses of FDCFC					
Ratio of gross expenses to average net assets ⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾	1.30%	1.37%	1.29%	1.16%	1.17%
Ratio of net expenses to average net assets ⁽⁶⁾	1.10%	1.08%	1.10%	1.06%	1.06%
Ratio of net investment income/(loss) to average net assets ⁽⁷⁾	1.55%	-0.85%	-0.97%	0.17%	-0.24%
Portfolio Turnover Rate	84%	129%	140%	88%	81%
⁽¹⁾ Per share amounts calculated using the average shares method, which more appropriately presents the per share data for the period.					
⁽²⁾ Includes adjustments made in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.					
⁽³⁾ Total returns shown exclude the effect of applicable sales charges and redemption fees. Had the advisor not waived its fees or reimbursed a portion of the Fund's expenses, the returns would have been lower.					
⁽⁴⁾ Represents the ratio of expenses to average net assets absent fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements by the advisor.					
⁽⁵⁾ Ratio of gross expenses to average					
net assets excluding interest and brokerage expenses	1.24%	1.33%	1.24%	1.15%	1.16%
⁽⁶⁾ Ratio of net expenses to average					
net assets excluding interest and brokerage expenses	1.05%	1.04%	1.05%	1.05%	1.05%
⁽⁷⁾ Ratio of net investment income/(loss) to average					
net assets excluding interest and brokerage expenses	1.61%	-0.82%	-0.93%	0.18%	-0.23%
⁽⁸⁾ Includes adjustments made in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.					

PRIVACY NOTICE

NORTHERN LIGHTS FUND TRUST IV

Rev. April 2021

FACTS

WHAT DOES NORTHERN LIGHTS FUND TRUST IV DO WITH YOUR PERSONAL INFORMATION?

Why?

Financial companies choose how they share your personal information. Federal law gives consumers the right to limit some, but not all sharing. Federal law also requires us to tell you how we collect, share, and protect your personal information. Please read this notice carefully to understand what we do.

What?

1. The types of personal information we collect and share depends on the product or service that you have with us. This information can include:

- Social Security number and wire transfer instructions
- account transactions and transaction history
- investment experience and purchase history

When you are *no longer* our customer, we continue to share your information as described in this notice.

How?

All financial companies need to share customers' personal information to run their everyday business. In the section below, we list the reasons financial companies can share their customers' personal information; the reasons Northern Lights Fund Trust IV chooses to share; and whether you can limit this sharing.

Reasons we can share your personal information:	Does Northern Lights Fund Trust IV share information?	Can you limit this sharing?
For our everyday business purposes - such as to process your transactions, maintain your account(s), respond to court orders and legal investigations, or report to credit bureaus.	YES	NO
For our marketing purposes - to offer our products and services to you.	NO	We don't share
For joint marketing with other financial companies.	NO	We don't share
For our affiliates' everyday business purposes - information about your transactions and records.	NO	We don't share
For our affiliates' everyday business purposes - information about your credit worthiness.	NO	We don't share
For nonaffiliates to market to you	NO	We don't share

QUESTIONS?

Call 1-631-490-4300

PRIVACY NOTICE

NORTHERN LIGHTS FUND TRUST IV

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What we do:

How does Northern Lights Fund Trust IV protect my personal information?	<p>To protect your personal information from unauthorized access and use, we use security measures that comply with federal law. These measures include computer safeguards and secured files and buildings.</p> <p>Our service providers are held accountable for adhering to strict policies and procedures to prevent any misuse of your nonpublic personal information.</p>
How does Northern Lights Fund Trust IV collect my personal information?	<p>We collect your personal information, for example, when you</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • open an account or deposit money • direct us to buy securities or direct us to sell your securities • seek advice about your investments <p>We also collect your personal information from others, such as credit bureaus, affiliates, or other companies.</p>
Why can't I limit all sharing?	<p>Federal law gives you the right to limit only:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • sharing for affiliates' everyday business purposes – information about your creditworthiness. • affiliates from using your information to market to you. • sharing for nonaffiliates to market to you. <p>State laws and individual companies may give you additional rights to limit sharing.</p>

Definitions

Affiliates	<p>Companies related by common ownership or control. They can be financial and nonfinancial companies.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Northern Lights Fund Trust IV has no affiliates.</i>
Nonaffiliates	<p>Companies not related by common ownership or control. They can be financial and nonfinancial companies.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Northern Lights Fund Trust IV does not share with nonaffiliates so they can market to you.</i>
Joint marketing	<p>A formal agreement between nonaffiliated financial companies that together market financial products or services to you.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Northern Lights Fund Trust IV does not jointly market.</i>

Fulcrum Diversified Absolute Return Fund

Adviser	Fulcrum Asset Management LLP Marble Arch House 66 Seymour Street London W1H 5BT United Kingdom	Distributor	Northern Lights Distributors, LLC 4221 North 203rd Street, Suite 100 Elkhorn, NE 68022
Custodian	U.S. Bank, N.A. 1555 North Rivercenter Drive, Suite 302 Milwaukee, WI 53212	Legal Counsel	Thompson Hine LLP 41 South High Street, Suite 1700 Columbus, OH 43215
Transfer Agent	Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC 225 Pictoria Drive, Suite 450 Cincinnati, OH 45246	Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	Cohen & Company, Ltd. 342 North Water Street, Suite 830 Milwaukee, WI 53202

Additional information about the Fund is included in the Fund's SAI dated October 30, 2023. The SAI is incorporated into this Prospectus by reference (i.e., legally made a part of this Prospectus). The SAI provides more details about the Fund's policies and management. Additional information about the Fund's investments will also be available in the Fund's Annual and Semi-Annual Reports to Shareholders. In the Fund's Annual Report, you will find a discussion of the market conditions and investment strategies that significantly affected the Fund's performance during its last fiscal year.

To obtain a free copy of the SAI and the Annual and Semi-Annual Reports to Shareholders, or other information about the Fund, or to make shareholder inquiries about the Fund, please call 855-538-5278. Information relating to the Fund can be found on the Fund website at www.fulcrumassetfunds.com. You may also write to:

Fulcrum Diversified Absolute Return Fund

c/o Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC
225 Pictoria Drive, Suite 450
Cincinnati, OH 45246

Reports and other information about the Fund are available on the EDGAR Database on the SEC's Internet site at <http://www.sec.gov>. Copies of the information may be obtained, after paying a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following E-mail address: publicinfo@sec.gov.

Investment Company Act File # 811-21422